A logo with different colors

Description automatically generated

Memo

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| To: | Monika Smith |
| From: | Tanuj Dargan |
| cc: | Name |
| Date: | 01-12-2025 |
| Re: | Reviewing Chuck Letourneau’s "The Plain Web" |

My primary takeaway from Chuck Letourneau’s article (n.d., “The Plain Web”) is the essential role that plain language plays in ensuring broad accessibility on the internet. Letourneau describes how his early work with the Canadian government in 1995 prompted him to ensure that web-based information was usable by individuals with disabilities, which in turn drove him to explore Dr. Gregg Vanderheiden’s technical guidelines on accessibility. Although the guidelines were highly detailed, Letourneau persistently worked through them until he realized that many web developers were, like himself, mostly self-taught and needed a simpler presentation of these principles. This realization led to his advocacy for “plain language” versions of complex documentation. In his view, accessibility does not revolve solely around accommodating screen readers or transcripts for audio; it also involves writing content that is straightforward and comprehensible to everyone. Government sites often contain dense or overly formal language that poses difficulties not only for people with cognitive or learning disabilities, but also for the general public, he observed. Letourneau’s emphasis on consistent page layouts, logical headings, and everyday vocabulary highlights how clarity in writing is crucial to making digital content accessible for all.

What resonates with me most is Letourneau’s insistence that readability is not just a courtesy —it is a necessity for inclusive communication. As an emerging developer, I see the relevance of this insight in various aspects of technical and professional work. In particular, I noted how simple language benefits a diverse audience spanning different literacy levels, language, backgrounds, and abilities. To help cement my plans for applying these lessons, here is a short list of key strategies I intend to adopt:

* Present technical data in shorter, more focused paragraphs.
* Use headings and bullet points to “chunk” information for easier reading.
* Favor familiar words and avoid excessive jargon.
* Provide text equivalents (captions or transcripts) for non-text elements.

These steps align well with course outcomes that stress the importance of clear, concise writing and the broader life skill of articulating specialized knowledge in an accessible manner. Going forward, I will pay closer attention to ensuring my communication remains transparent and inclusive — skills that are vital for professional credibility and for meeting the ethical obligations outlined in engineering practice. By applying Letourneau’s advice to real-world projects, I hope to create documents and presentations that do not exclude any reader while maintaining vital information.